INSTRUCTION MANUAL

DEWALL®

DCH213-XE

HEAVY-DUTY 18V CORDLESS ROTARY HAMMER

Definitions: Safety Guidelines

The definitions below describe the level of severity for each signal word. Please read the manual and pay attention to these symbols.

ADANGER: Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could** result in **death or serious injury**.

ACAUTION: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **may** result in **minor or moderate injury**.

NOTICE: indicates a practice **not related to personal injury** which, if not avoided. **may** result in **property damage.**

IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS ABOUT THIS OR ANY DEWALT TOOL, CALL US AT: 1800 444 224 (Aust) or 0800 339 258 (NZ).

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR POWER TOOLS

When using power tools, always observe the safety regulations applicable in your country to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock and personal injury. Read the following safety instructions before attempting to operate this product. Keep these instructions in a safe place.



WARNING: To reduce the risk of injury, read the instruction manual.

GENERAL POWER TOOL SAFETY WARNINGS



WARNING! Read all safety warnings and all instructions Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.

The term "power tool" in the warnings refers to your mains-operated (corded) power tool or battery-operated (cordless) power tool.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

1) WORK AREA SAFETY

- a) Keep work area clean and well lit. Cluttered or dark areas invite accidents.
- b) Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases or dust. Power tools create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.
- Keep children and bystanders away while operating a power tool.
 Distractions can cause you to lose control.

2) ELECTRICAL SAFETY

- a) Power tool plugs must match the outlet. Never modify the plug in any way. Do not use any adapter plugs with earthed (grounded) power tools. Unmodified plugs and matching outlets will reduce risk of electric shock.
- b) Avoid body contact with earthed or grounded surfaces such as pipes, radiators, ranges and refrigerators. There is an increased risk of electric shock if your body is earthed or grounded.
- Do not expose power tools to rain or wet conditions. Water entering a power tool will increase the risk of electric shock.
- d) Do not abuse the cord. Never use the cord for carrying, pulling or unplugging the power tool. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges or moving parts. Damaged or entangled cords increase the risk of electric shock.
- e) When operating a power tool outdoors, use an extension cord suitable for outdoor use. Use of a cord suitable for outdoor use reduces the risk of electric shock
- If operating a power tool in a damp location is unavoidable, use a residual current device (RCD) protected supply. Use of an RCD reduces the risk of electric shock

3) PERSONAL SAFETY

- a) Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating a power tool. Do not use a power tool while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication. A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.
- b) Use personal protective equipment. Always wear eye protection. Protective equipment such as dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat, or hearing protection used for appropriate conditions will reduce personal injuries.

- c) Prevent unintentional starting. Ensure the switch is in the off position before plugging in. Carrying power tools with your finger on the switch or plugging in power tools that have the switch on invites accidents.
- d) Remove any adjusting key or wrench before turning the power tool on. A wrench or a key left attached to a rotating part of the power tool may result in personal injury.
- e) Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times. This
 enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.
- f) Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewellery. Keep your hair, clothing and gloves away from moving parts. Loose clothes, jewellery or long hair can be caught in moving parts.
- g) If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used. Use of dust collection can reduce dust-related hazards.

4) POWER TOOL USE AND CARE

- a) Do not force the power tool. Use the correct power tool for your application. The correct power tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was designed.
- b) Do not use the power tool if the switch does not turn it on and off. Any power tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.
- c) Disconnect the plug from the power source and/or the battery pack from the power tool before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing power tools. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the power tool accidentally.
- d) Store idle power tools out of the reach of children and do not allow persons unfamiliar with the power tool or these instructions to operate the power tool. Power tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
- e) Maintain power tools. Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts and any other condition that may affect the power tool's operation. If damaged, have the power tool repaired before use. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained power tools.
- f) Keep cutting tools sharp and clean. Properly maintained cutting tools with sharp cutting edges are less likely to bind and are easier to control.

g) Use the power tool, accessories and tool bits etc., in accordance with these instructions and in the manner intended for the particular type of power tool, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed. Use of the power tool for operations different from those intended could result in a hazardous situation.

5) BATTERY TOOL USE AND CARE

- a) Recharge only with the charger specified by the manufacturer. A charger that is suitable for one type of battery pack may create a risk of fire when used with another battery pack.
- b) Use power tools only with specifically designated battery packs. Use of any other battery packs may create a risk of injury and fire.
- c) When battery pack is not in use, keep it away from other metal objects like paper clips, coins, keys, nails, screws, or other small metal objects that can make a connection from one terminal to another. Shorting the battery terminals together may cause burns or a fire.
- d) Under abusive conditions, liquid may be ejected from the battery; avoid contact. If contact accidentally occurs, flush with water. If liquid contacts eyes, additionally seek medical help. Liquid ejected from the battery may cause irritation or burns.

6) SERVICE

 a) Have your power tool serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts. This will ensure that the safety of the power tool is maintained.

Electrical Safety

The electric motor has been designed for one voltage only. Always check that the power supply corresponds to the voltage on the rating plate. 230 V AC means your tool will operate on alternating current. As little as 10% lower voltage can cause loss of power and can result in overheating. All DEWALT tools are factory tested; if this tool does not operate, check the power supply. Your DEWALT tool is double insulated, therefore no earth wire is required.

 Young children and the infirm. This appliance is not intended for use by young children or infirm persons without supervision. Young children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with this appliance. Replacement of the supply cord. If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer or an authorised DEWALT Service Centre in order to avoid a hazard

Extension Cords

A CAUTION: Use only extension cords that are approved by the country's Electrical Authority. Before using extension cords, inspect them for loose or exposed wires, damaged insulation and defective fittings. Replace the cord if necessary.

MINIMUM GAUGE FOR CORD SETS For Cable length (m): 7.5											
For Cable length (m): 7.5 15 25 30 45 60 Use Cable with minimum rating (Amperes) Tool Amperes 0 - 3.4 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 3.5 - 5.0 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 10 15											
For Cable length (m): 7.5											
0 - 3.4	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5					
3.5 - 5.0	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	10	15					
5.1 - 7.0	10	10	10	10	15	15					
7.1 - 12.0	15	15	15	15	20	20					
12.1 - 20.0	20	20	20	20	25	_					

Additional Safety Instructions for Rotary Hammers

- Wear ear protectors. Exposure to noise can cause hearing loss.
- Use auxiliary handle(s), if supplied with the tool. Loss of control can cause
 personal injury.
- Hold power tool by insulated gripping surfaces, when performing an operation
 where the cutting accessory may contact hidden wiring. Cutting accessory
 contacting a "live" wire may make exposed metal parts of the power tool "live"
 and could give the operator an electric shock.
- Be certain that the material being drilled does not conceal electric or gas service and that their locations have been verified with the utility companies.
- Use clamps or another practical way to secure and support the workpiece to a stable platform. Holding the work by hand or against your body leaves it unstable and may lead to loss of control.
- Wear safety goggles or other eye protection. Hammering operations cause chips to fly. Flying particles can cause permanent eye damage.
- Keep a firm grip on the tool at all times. Do not attempt to operate this tool
 without holding it with both hands. It is recommended that the side handle

- be used at all times. Operating this tool with one hand will result in loss of control. Breaking through or encountering hard materials such as re-bar may be hazardous as well.
- Do not operate this tool for long periods of time. Vibration caused by hammer action may be harmful to your hands and arms. Use gloves to provide extra cushion and limit exposure by taking frequent rest periods.
- Do not recondition bits yourself. Chisel reconditioning should be done by an authorized specialist. Improperly reconditioned chisels could cause injury.
- Accessories and tool may get hot during operation. Wear gloves when handling them if performing heat producing applications such as hammerdrilling and drilling metals.
- Never lay the tool down until the bit has come to a complete stop. Moving bits
 could cause injury.
- Do not strike jammed bits with a hammer to dislodge them. Fragments of metal
 or material chips could dislodge and cause injury.
- · Slightly worn chisels can be resharpened by grinding.

NOTE: Do not overheat the bit (discoloration) while grinding a new edge. Badly worn chisels require reforging. Do not reharden and temper the chisel.

 Air vents often cover moving parts and should be avoided. Loose clothes, jewelry or long hair can be caught in moving parts.

AWARNING: We recommend the use of a residual current device with a residual current rating of 30mA or less.

AWARNING: ALWAYS wear approved protective safety equipment complying with the following standards:

- Eye protection: AS/NZS1337 Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications;
- Hearing protection: AS/NZS1270 Acoustics Hearing Protection;
- Respiratory protection: AS/NZS1716 Respiratory Protective Devices.

A WARNING: Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling, and other construction activities contains chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:

- lead from lead-based paints.
- · crystalline silica from bricks and cement and other masonry products, and
- · arsenic and chromium from chemically-treated lumber.

Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles.

 Avoid prolonged contact with dust from power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling, and other construction activities. Wear protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water. Allowing dust to get into your mouth, eyes, or lay on the skin may promote absorption of harmful chemicals.

A WARNING: Use of this tool can generate and/or disburse dust, which may cause serious and permanent respiratory or other injury. Always use NIOSH/OSHA approved respiratory protection appropriate for the dust exposure. Direct particles away from face and body.

A WARNING: Always wear proper personal hearing protection that conforms to AS/NZS1270 during use. Under some conditions and duration of use, noise from this product may contribute to hearing loss.

A WARNING: ALWAYS use eye protection. All users and bystanders must wear eye protection that conforms to AS/NZS1337.

A CAUTION: When not in use, place tool on its side on a stable surface where it will not cause a tripping or falling hazard. Some tools with large battery packs will stand upright on the battery pack but may be easily knocked over.

The label on your tool may include the following symbols. The symbols and their definitions are as follows:

definitions are as follows:	
Vvolts	Aamperes
Hzhertz	Wwatts
min minutes	\sim alternating current
==== direct current	
Class I Construction	nono load speed
(grounded)	🕀earthing terminal
Class II Construction	🛕safety alert symbol
(double insulated)	BPMbeats per minute
/min per minute	RPMrevolutions per minute
IPMimpacts per minute	

Important Safety Instructions for All Battery Packs

When ordering replacement battery packs, be sure to include the catalog number and voltage. Consult the chart at the end of this manual for compatibility of chargers and battery packs.

The battery pack is not fully charged out of the carton. Before using the battery pack and charger, read the safety instructions below and then follow charging procedures outlined

READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS

- Do not charge or use the battery pack in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases or dust. Inserting or removing the battery pack from the charger may ignite the dust or fumes.
- NEVER force the battery pack into the charger. DO NOT modify the battery pack in any way to fit into a non-compatible charger as battery pack may rupture causing serious personal injury. Consult the chart at the end of this manual for compatibility of batteries and chargers.
- · Charge the battery packs only in designated DEWALT chargers.
- . DO NOT splash or immerse in water or other liquids.
- Do not store or use the tool and battery pack in locations where the temperature may reach or exceed 40°C (105°F) (such as outside sheds or metal buildings in summer). For best life store battery packs in a cool, dry location.

NOTE: Do not store the battery packs in a tool with the trigger switch locked on. Never tape the trigger switch in the ON position.

AWARNING: Fire hazard. Never attempt to open the battery pack for any reason. If the battery pack case is cracked or damaged, do not insert into the charger. Do not crush, drop or damage the battery pack. Do not use a battery pack or charger that has received a sharp blow, been dropped, run over or damaged in any way (e.g., pierced with a nail, hit with a hammer, stepped on). Damaged battery packs should be returned to the service center for recycling.

A WARNING: Fire hazard. Do not store or carry the battery pack so that metal objects can contact exposed battery terminals. For example, do not place the battery pack in aprons, pockets, tool boxes, product kit boxes, drawers, etc., with loose nails, screws, keys, etc. Transporting batteries can possibly cause fires if

the battery terminals inadvertently come in contact with conductive materials such as keys, coins, hand tools and the like. The US Department of Transportation Hazardous Material Regulations (HMR) actually prohibit transporting batteries in commerce or on airplanes (e.g., packed in suitcases and carry-on luggage) UNLESS they are properly protected from short circuits. So when transporting individual battery packs, make sure that the battery terminals are protected and well insulated from materials that could contact them and cause a short circuit.

SPECIFIC SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR LITHIUM ION (Li-Ion)

- Do not incinerate the battery pack even if it is severely damaged or is completely worn out. The battery pack can explode in a fire. Toxic fumes and materials are created when lithium ion battery packs are burned.
- If battery contents come into contact with the skin, immediately wash area
 with mild soap and water. If battery liquid gets into the eye, rinse water over the
 open eye for 15 minutes or until irritation ceases. If medical attention is needed,
 the battery electrolyte is composed of a mixture of liquid organic carbonates and
 lithium salts
- Contents of opened battery cells may cause respiratory irritation. Provide fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

AWARNING: Burn hazard. Battery liquid may be flammable if exposed to spark or flame.

Important Safety Instructions for All Battery Chargers

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS: This manual contains important safety and operating instructions for battery chargers.

 Before using the charger, read all instructions and cautionary markings on the charger, battery pack and product using the battery pack.

AWARNING: Shock hazard. Do not allow any liquid to get inside the charger. Electric shock may result.

A CAUTION: Burn hazard. To reduce the risk of injury, charge only DEWALT rechargeable battery packs. Other types of batteries may overheat and burst resulting in personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE: Under certain conditions, with the charger plugged into the power supply, the charger can be shorted by foreign material. Foreign materials of a conductive nature, such as, but not limited to, grinding dust, metal chips, steel wool, aluminum foil or any

buildup of metallic particles should be kept away from the charger cavities. Always unplug the charger from the power supply when there is no battery pack in the cavity. Unplug the charger before attempting to clean.

- DO NOT attempt to charge the battery pack with any chargers other than the ones in this manual. The charger and battery pack are specifically designed to work together.
- These chargers are not intended for any uses other than charging DEWALT rechargeable batteries. Any other uses may result in risk of fire, electric shock or electrocution.
- · Do not expose the charger to rain or snow.
- Pull by the plug rather than the cord when disconnecting the charger. This will
 reduce the risk of damage to the electric plug and cord.
- Make sure that the cord is located so that it will not be stepped on, tripped over or otherwise subjected to damage or stress.
- Do not use an extension cord unless it is absolutely necessary. Use
 of improper extension cord could result in risk of fire, electric shock or
 electrocution.
- When operating a charger outdoors, always provide a dry location and use an
 extension cord suitable for outdoor use. Use of a cord suitable for outdoor use
 reduces the risk of electric shock.
- Do not place any object on top of the charger or place the charger on a soft surface that might block the ventilation slots and result in excessive internal heat. Place the charger in a position away from any heat source. The charger is ventilated through slots in the top and the bottom of the housing.
- · Do not operate the charger with a damaged cord or plug.
- Do not operate the charger if it has received a sharp blow, been dropped or otherwise damaged in any way. Take it to an authorized service center.
- Do not disassemble the charger; take it to an authorized service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect reassembly may result in a risk of electric shock, electrocution or fire.
- Disconnect the charger from the outlet before attempting any cleaning. This
 will reduce the risk of electric shock. Removing the battery pack will not reduce
 this risk.

- **NEVER** attempt to connect 2 chargers together.
- The charger is designed to operate on standard 230 V household electrical power. Do not attempt to use it on any other voltage. This does not apply to the vehicular charger.

Chargers

Your tool uses a DEWALT charger. Be sure to read all safety instructions before using your charger. Consult the chart at the end of this manual for compatibility of chargers and battery packs.

Charging Procedure (Fig. 1)

- 1. Plug the charger into an appropriate outlet before inserting the battery pack.
- Insert the battery pack (G) into the charger, as shown in Figure 1, making sure the pack is fully seated in charger. The red (charging) light will blink continuously, indicating that the charging process has started.
- The completion of charge will be indicated by the red light remaining ON continuously. The pack is fully charged and may be used at this time or left in the charger.



Indicator Light Operation

	-
	PACK CHARGING — — — — —
	PACK CHARGED —
	HOT/COLD DELAY —• —• —• —• —•
X	PROBLEM PACK OR CHARGER •••••••
×	PROBLEM POWERLINE •• •• •• ••

Charge Indicators

This charger is designed to detect certain problems that can arise. Problems are indicated by the red light flashing at a fast rate. If this occurs, re-insert the battery pack into the charger. If the problem persists, try a different battery pack to determine if the charger is working properly. If the new pack charges correctly, then the original pack is defective and should be returned to a service center or other collection site for recycling. If the new battery pack elicits the same trouble indication as the original, have the charger and the battery pack tested at an authorized service center.

HOT/COLD DELAY

This charger has a hot/cold delay feature: when the charger detects a battery that is hot, it automatically starts a delay, suspending charging until the battery has cooled. After the battery has cooled, the charger automatically switches to the pack charging mode. This feature ensures maximum battery life. The red light flashes long, then short while in the hot/cold delay mode.

LEAVING THE BATTERY PACK IN THE CHARGER

The charger and battery pack can be left connected with the charge indicator showing Pack Charged.

WEAK BATTERY PACKS: Weak batteries will continue to function but should not be expected to perform as much work.

FAULTY BATTERY PACKS: This charger will not charge a faulty battery pack. The charger will indicate faulty battery pack by refusing to light or by displaying problem pack or charger.

NOTE: This could also mean a problem with a charger.

Important Charging Notes

- 1. Longest life and best performance can be obtained if the battery pack is charged when the air temperature is between 18 °-24 °C (65 °F and 75 °F). DO NOT charge the battery pack in an air temperature below +4 °C (+40 °F), or above +40 °C (+105 °F). This is important and will prevent serious damage to the battery pack.
- The charger and battery pack may become warm to the touch while charging.
 This is a normal condition, and does not indicate a problem. To facilitate the
 cooling of the battery pack after use, avoid placing the charger or battery pack in
 a warm environment such as in a metal shed or an uninsulated trailer.

- 3. A cold battery pack will charge at about half the rate of a warm battery pack. The battery pack will charge at that slower rate throughout the entire charging cycle and will not return to maximum charge rate even if the battery pack warms.
- 4. If the battery pack does not charge properly:
 - a. Check operation of receptacle by plugging in a lamp or other appliance;
 - b. Check to see if receptacle is connected to a light switch which turns power off when you turn out the lights;
 - c. Move the charger and battery pack to a location where the surrounding air temperature is approximately 18 °-24 °C (65 °F and 75 °F);
 - d. If charging problems persist, take the tool, battery pack and charger to your local service center.
- 5. The battery pack should be recharged when it fails to produce sufficient power on jobs which were easily done previously. DO NOT CONTINUE to use under these conditions. Follow the charging procedure. You may also charge a partially used pack whenever you desire with no adverse effect on the battery pack.
- 6. Foreign materials of a conductive nature such as, but not limited to, grinding dust, metal chips, steel wool, aluminum foil, or any buildup of metallic particles should be kept away from charger cavities. Always unplug the charger from the power supply when there is no battery pack in the cavity. Unplug the charger before attempting to clean.
- 7. Do not freeze or immerse the charger in water or any other liquid.

A WARNING: Shock hazard. Don't allow any liquid to get inside the charger. Electric shock may result.

A WARNING: Burn hazard. Do not submerge the battery pack in any liquid or allow any liquid to enter the battery pack. Never attempt to open the battery pack for any reason. If the plastic housing of the battery pack breaks or cracks, return to a service center for recycling.

Storage Recommendations

- 1. The best storage place is one that is cool and dry, away from direct sunlight and excess heat or cold.
- 2. For long storage, it is recommended to store a fully charged battery pack in a cool dry place out of the charger for optimal results.

NOTE: Battery packs should not be stored completely depleted of charge. The battery pack will need to be recharged before use.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE USE

COMPONENTS (FIG. 2)

AWARNING: Never modify the power tool or any part of it. Damage or personal injury could result.

A. Side handle

E. Main handle F. Worklight

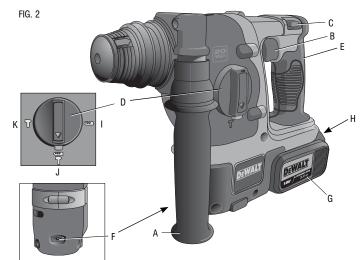
B. Trigger switch

G. Battery pack

C. Forward/reverse control button (Lock-off button)

H. Battery release button

D. Mode selector



Side Handle (Fig. 2)

A WARNING: To reduce the risk of personal injury, ALWAYS operate the tool with the side handle (A) properly installed. Failure to do so may result in the side handle slipping during tool operation and subsequent loss of control. Hold tool with both hands to maximize control.

The side handle (A) clamps to the front barrel (collar) and may be rotated 360° to permit right-or left-hand use. The side handle can be tightened by rotating the black plastic portion of the side handle clockwise. The side handle must be tightened sufficiently to resist the twisting action of the tool if the accessory binds or stalls. Be sure to grip the side handle at the far end to control the tool during a stall. To loosen side handle, rotate counterclockwise.

Trigger Switch (Fig. 2)

To turn the tool on, squeeze the trigger switch (B). To turn the tool off, release the trigger switch. Your tool is equipped with a brake. The chuck will stop as soon as the trigger switch is fully released.

VARIABLE SPEED TRIGGER SWITCH

The variable speed trigger switch enables you to select the best speed for a particular application. The farther you squeeze the trigger switch, the faster the tool will operate. For maximum tool life, use variable speed only for starting holes or fasteners.

NOTE: Continuous use in variable speed range is not recommended. It may damage the trigger switch and should be avoided.

Mode Selector (Fig. 2)

A CAUTION: Never change the mode while the unit is running.

For straight drilling, rotate the mode selector (D) until the arrow points to the drill bit symbol (I). For rotary hammer mode, align the arrow with the rotary hammer symbol (J). For chipping mode, align arrow with the chipping symbol (K).

NOTE: The mode selector (D) must be in drill, hammer or chipping mode at all times. There are no operable positions in between.

Forward/Reverse Control Button (Fig. 3)

A forward/reverse control button (C) determines the direction of bit rotation and also serves as a lock-off button.

To select forward rotation, release the trigger switch (B) and depress the forward/reverse control button on the right side of the tool.

To select reverse, depress the forward/reverse control button on the left side of the

The center position of the control button locks the tool in the off position. When changing the position of the control button, be sure the trigger is released.

NOTE: The first time the tool is run after changing the direction of rotation, you may hear a click on start up. This is normal and does not indicate a problem.



Worklight (Fig. 2)

There is a worklight (F) located on the front of the tool. The worklight is activated when the trigger switch is depressed, and will automatically turn off 20 seconds after the trigger switch is released. If the trigger switch remains depressed, the worklight will remain on

NOTE: The worklight is for lighting the immediate work surface and is not intended to be used as a flashlight.

OPERATION

A WARNING: To reduce the risk of serious personal injury, turn tool off and disconnect tool from power source before making any adjustments or removing/installing attachments or accessories.

Installing and Removing the Battery Pack (Fig. 4)

A WARNING: To reduce the risk of injury, never depress the battery release button without removing the battery pack. Depressing the battery release button without removing the battery pack can result in the battery pack falling out unexpectedly.

NOTE: For best results, make sure your battery pack is fully charged.

To install the battery pack (G) into the tool handle, align the battery pack with the rails inside the tool's handle and slide it into the handle until the battery pack is firmly seated in the tool and ensure that it does not disengage.

To remove the battery pack from the tool, press the release button (H) and firmly pull the battery pack out of the tool handle. Insert it into the charger as described in the charger section of this manual.

NOTE: Operating temperature of this tool is -7 $^{\circ}$ to +40 $^{\circ}$ C (19 $^{\circ}$ to 104 $^{\circ}$ F). Using the tool outside of this temperature range will decrease the life of the tool.



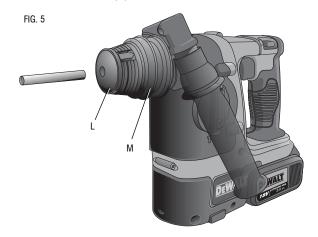
Shocks - Active Vibration Control (Fig. 1, 2)

For best vibration control, hold the tool with one hand on the main handle (E) and the other hand on the side handle (A). Apply just enough pressure so the hammer is approximately mid-stroke. The hammer only needs enough pressure to engage the internal active vibration control. Applying too much pressure will not make the tool drill faster and active vibration control will not engage.

SDS Chuck (Fig. 5)

To insert bit, insert shank of bit about 19 mm (3/4") into chuck (L). Push and rotate bit until it locks in place. The bit will be securely held.

To release bit, pull the sleeve (M) back and remove the bit.



Drilling (Fig. 2)

AWARNING: To reduce the risk of personal injury, **ALWAYS** operate the tool with the side handle properly installed. Failure to do so may result in the side handle slipping during tool operation and subsequent loss of control. Hold tool with both hands to maximize control.

NOTICE: If drilling thin material, use a wood "back-up" block to prevent damage to the material.

- 1. Turn the mode selector (D) to the drill symbol (I).
- Use sharp drill bits only. For Wood, use twist bits, spade bits, power auger bits or hole saws. For Metal, use high-speed steel twist drill bits or hole saws. Use

- a cutting lubricant when drilling metals. The exceptions are cast iron and brass which should be drilled dry. For MASONRY, such as brick, cement, cinder block, etc., use carbide-tipped bits rated for percussion drilling.
- Always apply pressure in a straight line with the bit. Use enough pressure to keep drill biting, but do not push hard enough to stall the motor or deflect the bit.
- 4. Hold tool firmly with both hands to control the twisting action of the drill. If model is not equipped with side handle, grip drill with one hand on the handle and one hand on the battery pack.

AWARNING: Drill may stall if overloaded causing a sudden twist. Always expect the stall. Grip the drill firmly to control the twisting action and avoid injury.

- IF DRILL STALLS, it is usually because it is being overloaded or improperly used. RELEASE TRIGGER IMMEDIATELY, remove drill bit from work, and determine cause of stalling. DO NOT depress TRIGGER ON AND OFF IN AN ATTEMPT TO START A STALLED DRILL — THIS CAN DAMAGE THE DRILL.
- 6. To minimize stalling or breaking through the material, reduce pressure on drill and ease the bit through the last fractional part of the hole.
- Keep the motor running when pulling the bit back out of a drilled hole. This will help prevent jamming.
- 8. With variable speed drills there is no need to center punch the point to be drilled. Use a slow speed to start the hole and accelerate by squeezing the trigger harder when the hole is deep enough to drill without the bit skipping out.

DRILLING IN METAL

An SDS Plus® to round shank adaptor chuck is required for the DCH213-XE. Ensure that tool is in drill-only mode. Start drilling with slow speed and increase to full power while applying firm pressure on the tool. A smooth even flow of metal chips indicates the proper drilling rate. Use a cutting lubricant when drilling metals. The exceptions are cast iron and brass which should be drilled dry.

NOTE: Large (7.9 mm to 12.7 mm [5/16" to 1/2"]) holes in steel can be made easier if a pilot hole (4 mm to 4.8 mm [5/32" to 3/16"]) is drilled first.

DRILLING IN WOOD

An SDS Plus® to round shank adaptor chuck is required for the DCH213-XE. Ensure that tool is in drill-only mode. Start drilling with slow speed and increase to full power while applying firm pressure on the tool. Holes in wood can be made with the same twist drills used for metal. These bits may overheat unless pulled out frequently to

clear chips from the flutes. For larger holes, use spade bits, power auger bits, or hole saws. Work that is apt to splinter should be backed up with a block of wood.

DRILLING IN MASONRY

When drilling in masonry, use carbide-tipped bits rated for percussion drilling and be certain that the bits are sharp. Use a constant and firm force on the tool to drill most effectively. A smooth, even flow of dust indicates the proper drilling rate.

HAMMERDRILL OPERATION

- When drilling, use just enough force on the hammer to keep it from bouncing excessively or "rising" off the bit. Too much force will cause slower drilling speeds, overheating, and a lower drilling rate.
- Drill straight, keeping the bit at a right angle to the work. Do not exert side pressure on the bit when drilling as this will cause clogging of the bit flutes and a slower drilling speed.
- When drilling deep holes, if the hammer speed starts to drop off, pull the bit partially out of the hole with the tool still running to help clear debris from the hole
- For masonry, use carbide-tipped bits or masonry bits. A smooth even flow of dust indicates the proper drilling rate.

Chipping and Chiselling (Fig. 2)

- 1. Set the mode selector switch (D) to the chipping symbol (K).
- 2. Insert the appropriate chisel and rotate it by hand to lock it into one of 51 positions.
- 3. Adjust the side handle (A) as required.
- 4. Switch on the tool and start working.
- 5. Always switch off the tool when work is finished and before unplugging.

MAINTENANCE

A WARNING: To reduce the risk of serious personal injury, place the forward/ reverse button in the lock-off position or turn tool off and disconnect battery pack before making any adjustments or removing/installing attachments or accessories.

Lubrication

Your power tool requires no additional lubrication.

Cleaning

AWARNING: Blow dirt and dust out of all air vents with clean, dry air at least once a week. To minimize the risk of eye injury, always wear AS/NZS51337 approved eye protection when performing this.

AWARNING: Never use solvents or other harsh chemicals for cleaning the non-metallic parts of the tool. These chemicals may weaken the plastic materials used in these parts. Use a cloth dampened only with water and mild soap. Never let any liquid get inside the tool; never immerse any part of the tool into a liquid.

CHARGER CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS

AWARNING: Shock hazard. Disconnect the charger from the AC outlet before cleaning. Dirt and grease may be removed from the exterior of the charger using a cloth or soft non-metallic brush. Do not use water or any cleaning solutions.

Repairs

The charger and battery pack are not serviceable. There are no serviceable parts inside the charger or battery pack.

To assure product SAFETY and RELIABILITY, repairs, maintenance and adjustment (including brush inspection and replacement) should be performed by certified service centers or other qualified service organizations, always using identical replacement parts.

ACCESSORIES

▲ WARNING: Since accessories, other than those offered by DEWALT, have not been tested with this product, use of such accessories with this tool could be hazardous. To reduce the risk of injury, only DEWALT recommended accessories should be used with this product.

Recommended accessories for use with your tool are available at extra cost from your local service center. If you need any assistance in locating any accessory, please contact Stanley Black & Decker, 82 Taryn Drive, Epping, VIC 3076 Australia or call 1800 444 224 or (NZ) 0800 339 258.

MAXIMUM RECOMMENDED CAPACITIES

DCH213-XE

Spindle speed 0–1,110 min⁻¹ Hammering speed 0–4,200 min⁻¹ Masonry Drilling 20 mm (7/8")

DEWALT BATTERY AND CHARGER SYSTEMS																								
Battery		Output		Chargers/Charge Time																				
		Nominal		240 Volts														12 Volts	ŝ					
Cat. Number	Voltage	Amp Hour	97014	98014	DW9106	DW9107	DW9108	DW9115	DW9116	DW9117	DW9118	DE9116	DE9118	DW911	DC011	DW0245	DE2046	DE9000	DC9310	DCB100	DCB105	DCB119	DW9109	DC9319
DC9360	36	2.2	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	60	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
DE0240-XJ	24	2.0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	60	60	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
DW0242	24	2.0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	60	60	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
DW0240	24	1.7	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	60	60	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
DC9096	18	2.4	Х	Х	Х	Х	60	Х	60	20	Х	60	Х	60	60	Х	Х	Х	60	Х	Х	Х	60	60
DC9180	18	2.0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	60	Х	Х	Х	Х	60
DCB180	18	3.2	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	60	90	Х	Х
DCB181	18	1.5	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	30	45	Х	Х
DW9096	18	2.4	Х	Х	Х	Х	60	Х	60	20	Х	60	Х	60	60	Х	Х	Х	60	Х	Х	Х	60	60
DE9095-XJ	18	2.0	Х	Х	Х	Х	60	Х	60	20	Х	60	Х	60	60	Х	Х	Х	60	Х	Х	Х	60	60
DC9091	14.4	2.4	60	60	60	60	60	15	60	15	60	60	60	60	60	Х	Х	Х	60	Х	Х	Х	60	60
DC9144	14.4	2.0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	60	Х	X	Х	Х	60
DE9094	14.4	1.3	45	45	45	30	30	15	30	12	60	30	60	30	30	Х	Х	Х	30	Х	X	Х	30	30
DE9091-XJ	14.4	2.0	45	45	45	45	45	15	45	15	90	45	90	45	45	Х	Х	Х	45	Х	X	Х	45	45
DW9091	14.4	1.7	45	45	45	45	45	15	45	15	90	45	90	45	45	Х	Х	Х	45	X	Х	Х	45	45
DC9071	12	2.4	60	60	60	60	60	15	60	15	60	60	60	60	60	Х	Х	Х	60	X	Х	Х	60	60
DE9071-XJ	12	2.0	60	60	60	45	45	15	45	15	90	45	90	45	45	X	X	Х	45	Х	X	Х	45	45
DE9074-XJ	12	1.25	45	45	45	30	30	15	30	12	60	30	60	30	30	Х	X	Х	30	X	X	X	30	30
DW9050	12	1.3	40	40	40	Х	X	15	X	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	X	Х	Х	X	X	Х	Х	X
DW9071	12	1.7	60	60	60	45	45	15	45	15	90	45	90	45	45	X	X	Х	45	X	Х	Х	45	45
DW9072	12	1.2	45	45	45	30	30	15	30	12	60	30	60	30	30	Х	X	Х	30	X	X	Х	30	30
DCB120	10.8	Х	Х	X	X	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	X	Х	X	40	40	40	Х	Х
DW9063	9.6	1.25	45	45	45	30	30	15	30	12	60	30	60	30	30	Х	X	Х	30	Х	X	Х	30	30
DW9062	9.6	1.3	45	45	45	30	30	15	30	12	60	30	60	30	30	X	Х	Х	30	X	X	X	30	30
DW9061	9.6	1.7	60	60	60	45	45	15	45	15	90	45	90	45	45	X	Х	X	45	X	X	X	45	45
DW9048	9.6	1.3	40	40	40	X	X	15	X	Х	Х	X	Х	X	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X	Х	Х	Х
DW9057	7.2	1.25	45	45	45	30	30	15	30	12	60	30	60	30	30	Х	X	Х	30	Х	30	30		
DW9046	7.2	1.3	40	40	40	X	X	15	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х			i I

X Indicates that the battery pack is not compatible with that specific charger.

All charge times are approximate. Actual charge time may vary.

Read the instruction manual for more specific information.

The battery voltage is nominal, it can measure above or below depending on the state of charge.

Stanley Black & Decker

701 East Joppa Road, Baltimore, MD 21286 • 82 Taryn Drive, Epping, VIC 3076 Australia 1800 444 224 or (NZ) 0800 339 258

(JUL11) Part No. N129011 DCH213-XE Copyright © 2011 DEWALT

The following are trademarks for one or more DEWALT power tools: the yellow and black color scheme; the "D" shaped air intake grill; the array of pyramids on the handgrip; the kit box configuration; and the array of lozenge-shaped humps on the surface of the tool.